

DRIFT THICKNESS OF OSWEGO COUNTY, NEW YORK

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Introduction

Beginning in 2019, under the guidance and funding provided by the United States Geological Survey - Great Lakes Geological Mapping Coalition (award G20AC00401), the New York State Museum - Geological Survey began a statewide effort to conduct geologic mapping of bedrock elevations throughout New York. Oswego County is in the glaciated terrain that spans from the Erie-Ontario Lowlands to the Tug Hill Plateau physiographic provinces and nestled between Jefferson, Lewis, Oneida, Onondaga and Cayuga Counties to the North, East, South and West, respectively. The county is also bounded by two large water bodies, Lake Ontario to the north and Oneida Lake to the South. Surficial and subsurface bedrock point data and maps were compiled from publicly available sources, vetted, and organized into a comprehensive geospatial database. A technical workflow was developed to categorize the overall geology and differentiate between the underlying bedrock and overlying unconsolidated sediments. The resulting bedrock elevation map provides a detailed representation of bedrock topography across Oswego County. This map is useful for various applications, including geological studies, engineering and construction, natural resource management (such as water or mineral resources), and environmental studies.

Methodology

A total of 2,207 bedrock control points were used to delineate bedrock topography in Oswego County. 2,095 water wells, 87 engineering boreholes, nine remediation wells, seven known bedrock outcrops seven waterfall locations, and two oil and gas wells. These data were compiled from a variety of public sources and imported into ESRI's ArcMap 10.8 software platform. Ground surface elevations for all control points were extracted from the highest available resolution LIDAR DEM data available and subsequently resampled to a cell size/resolution of 1m x 1m. Bedrock elevations were calculated at each location by subtracting the depth-to-bedrock from the ground surface elevation. Bedrock elevation contours generated by ArcMap at a 50-foot interval were manually refined through a multi-step quality control process to resolve any interpolation errors. The finalized contours were converted into a 1-meter raster, using the "Topo to Raster" tool, the product of which is the county-wide bedrock topography map. Lastly, the "Raster Calculator" tool is used to subtract the surface elevation from the bedrock elevation to determine the thickness of the drift in the county.

Summary

The New York State Museum – Geological Survey has developed a detailed Drift Thickness Map for Oswego County. This map represents a compilation of various surficial and subsurface bedrock data sources, analytical methods, and quality control procedures. The resulting bedrock elevations reveal a range of distinct geological features including a variety of Paleozoic bedrock erosional profiles, and evidence of past glaciation. These characteristics are likely the result of a variety of functions including bedrock stratigraphy, structural deformation, and erosional processes such as past glaciation and fluvial geomorphology. This map is significant for applications in geological research, engineering, natural resource management, and environmental studies. Continued research and work on subsurface geology will provide additional data and insight and enhance the geologic framework of bedrock geology throughout New York State.

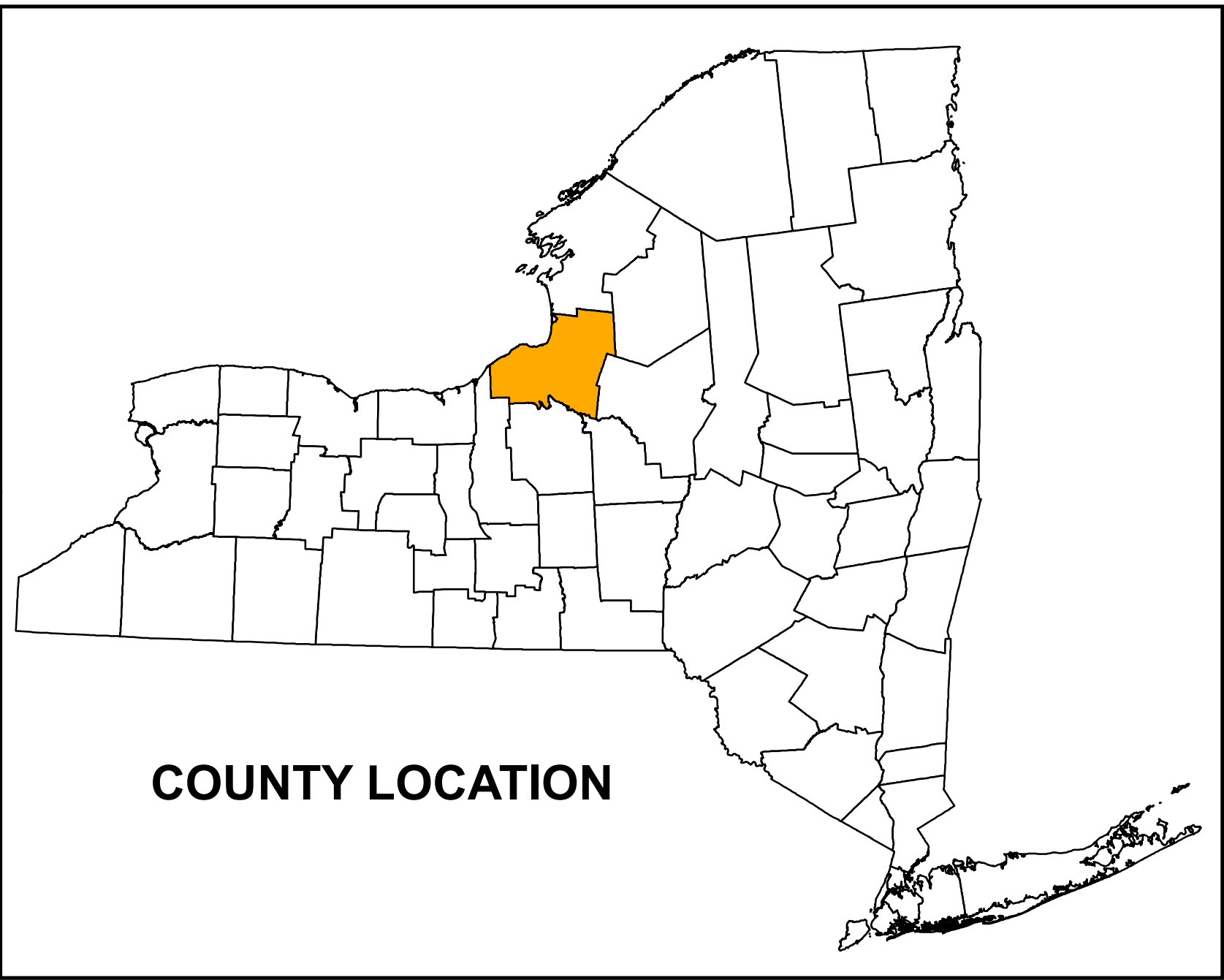
Explanation

- Data Point
- 50ft Drift Thickness Contour
- 100ft Drift Thickness Contour
- Highway
- Oswego County Line
- Adjacent County
- Water Body

Drift Thickness

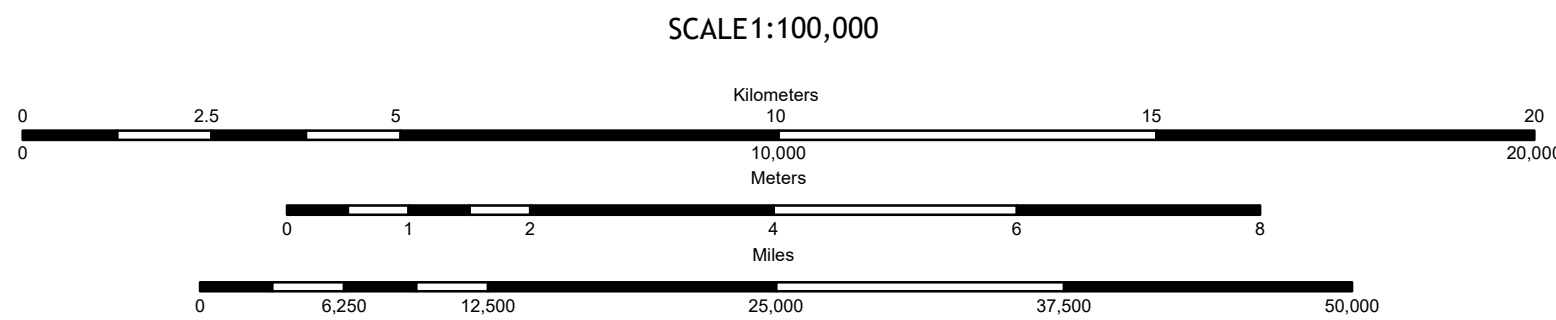
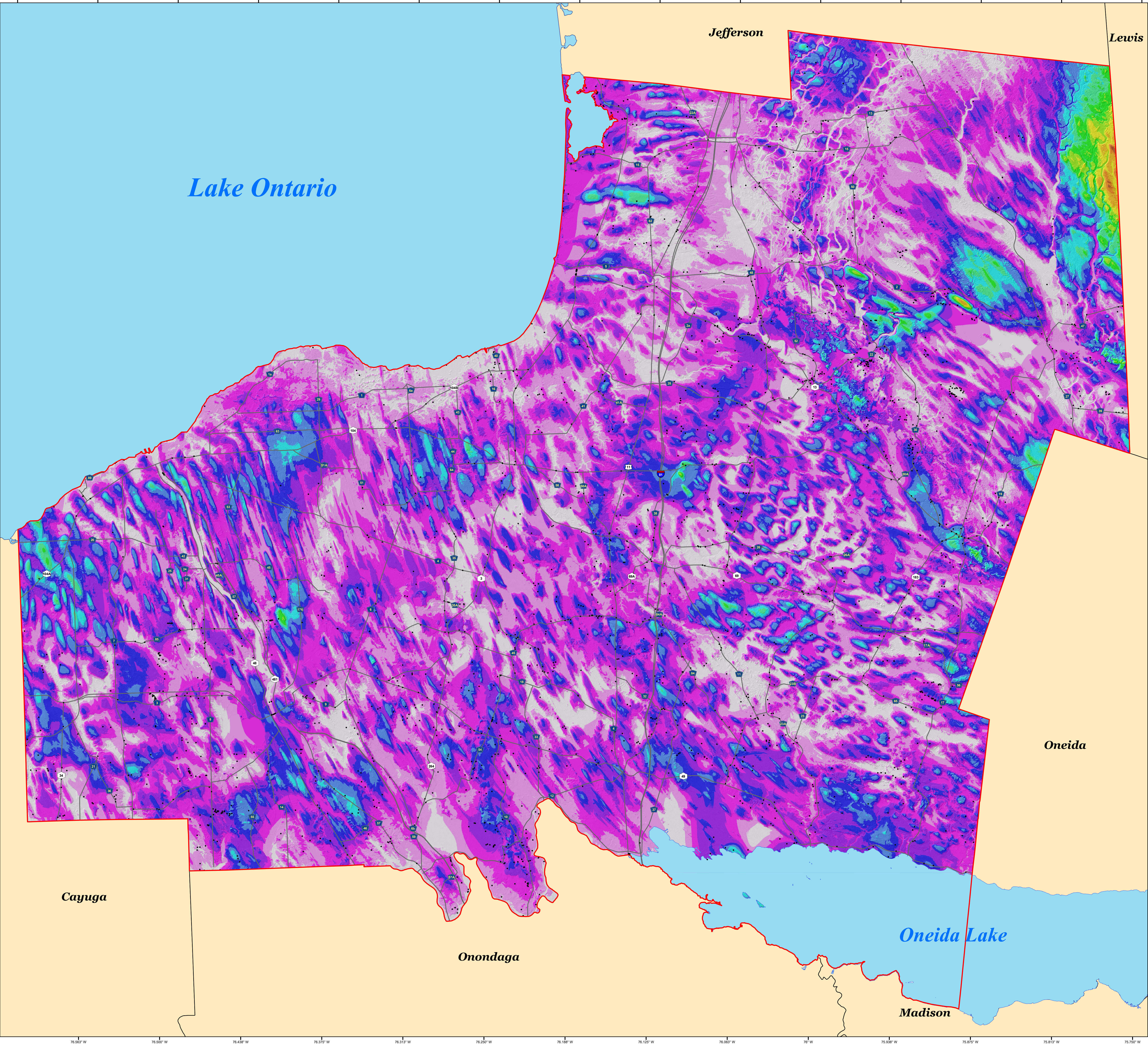
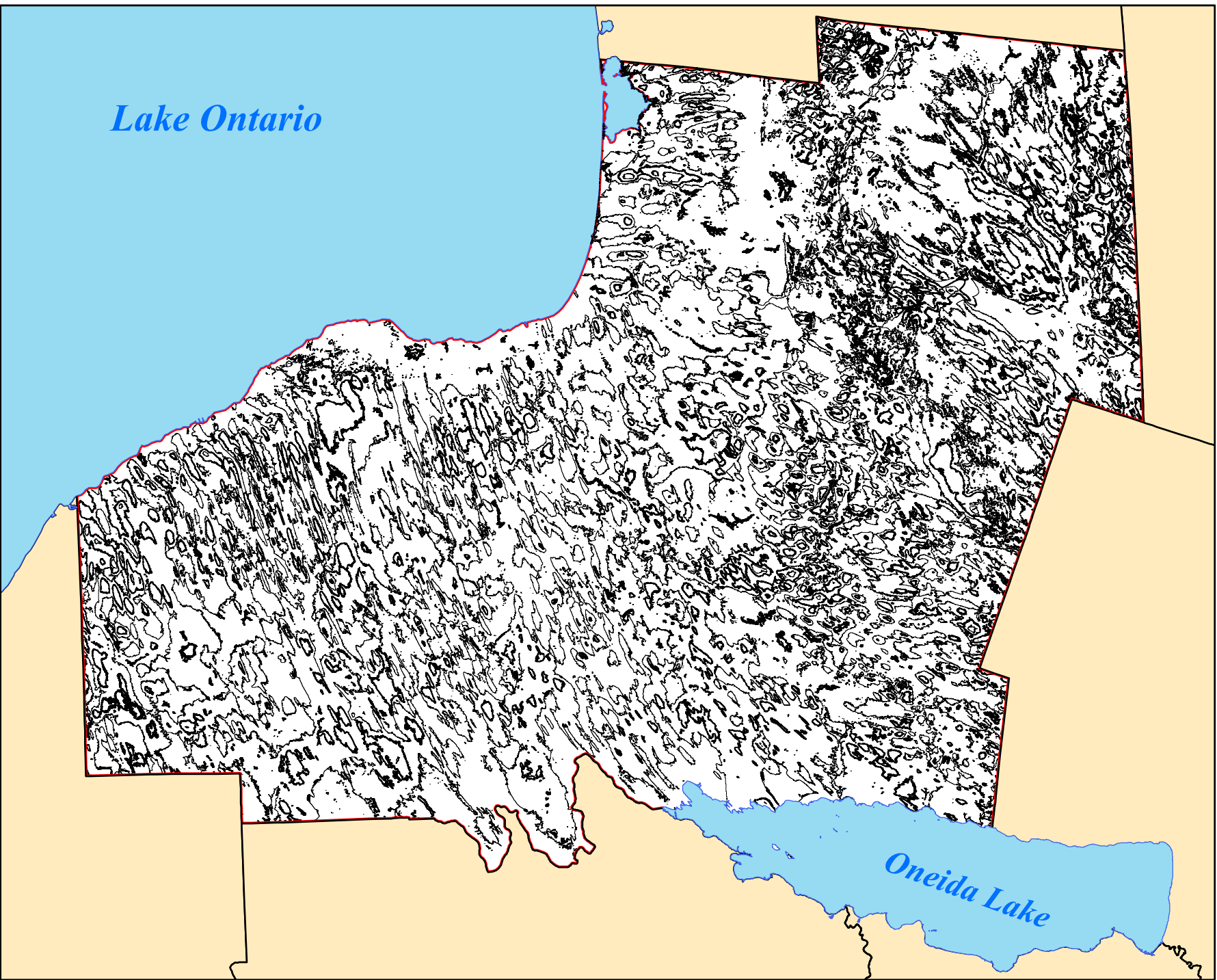
Drift Thickness

- | |
|-----------|
| 0- 20 |
| 20 - 40 |
| 40 - 60 |
| 60 - 80 |
| 80 - 100 |
| 100 - 125 |
| 125 - 150 |
| 150 - 175 |
| 175 - 200 |
| 200 - 225 |
| 225 - 250 |
| 250 - 275 |
| 275 - 300 |
| 300 - 325 |
| 325 - 350 |



COUNTY LOCATION

DRIFT THICKNESS CONTOUR MAP



NOTICE
This geologic map was created in part by the 1933 National Cooperative Geologic Mapping Program (NCGMP) award number G20AC00401 in the year 2021. The names and locations contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be construed as necessarily endorsing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the U.S. Government.
This map was created by the author using the highest quality of data available and the best available data upon which it is based. The New York State Geological Survey (NYSGS) does not warrant the accuracy, completeness, or reliability of the data or the map. The map is provided as a reference only and should not be used for any purpose other than that for which it was created. The user of this product is the user of the data and the user of the map. The user of the map is the user of the data and the user of the map. The user of the map is the user of the data and the user of the map.

